Calculation of Distance from Greencastle, Pa., Launch Point To Mountin Empire Airport, Wytheville, Va., Landing Point F3A-21 Record Flight by M. Hill, Sept. 28, 1983

The equations for computing great circle distance on the surface of the earth are given as (1) and (2) below. Arithmetic solutions are herein provided.

Eq. 1) $\cos S = \sin L_1 \sin L_2 + \cos L_1 \cos L_2 \cos (\lambda_2 - \lambda_1)$

here: S = angle (in degrees) subtended between the two points λ_1 = initial longitude = 77° 41' 42" W (77.69500 degrees)

L₁ = initial latitude = 39° 47' 48" N (39.79666 degrees)

 λ_2 = final longitude = 81° 20' 58" W (81.34944 degrees)

 L_2 = final latitude = 36° 52' 42" N (36.87833 degrees)

now: $\sin L_1 = .640065$

 $\sin L_2 = .6001177$

 $\cos L_1 = .7683207$

 $\cos L_2 = .7999116$

 $\cos (\lambda_1 - \lambda_2) = .9979666$

so: cos S = (.640065)(.6001177) + (.7683207)(.7999116)(.997966) = 0.9974532

and . $S = 4.0900373^{\circ}$

Eq. 2) Distance $d = \frac{R \cdot S}{57.29578}$

where d = distance on earth's surface

R = earth's radius

S = subtended angle in degrees 57.29578 = degrees per radian

... Distance flown = 6378.245 $\frac{\text{km}}{\text{rad}} \times \frac{4.090037 \text{ deg}}{57.29578 \text{ deg/rad}}$

= 455.308 km

= 282.91 mi

The accuracy of this calculation is 1 part in 10,000 or 0.01%.

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Acting Supervisor Aeronautics Division

Applied Physics Laboratory Johns Hopkins University

toronich

John E. Patton (N17 USA)

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